## **Public Document Pack**



#### **OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**

Thursday, 21 November 2019 at 7.30 pm Room 6, Civic Centre, Silver Street, Enfield, EN1 3XA Contact: Stacey Gilmour

Scrutiny Officer

Direct: 020-132-1383 Tel: 020-8379-1000

E-mail: Stacey.gilmour@enfield.gov.uk Council website: www.enfield.gov.uk

Councillors: Susan Erbil (Chair), Tolga Aramaz, Guner Aydin, Sinan Boztas, Bernadette Lappage, Achilleas Georgiou (Vice-Chair), Edward Smith and Lee David-Sanders

Education Statutory Co-optees: 1 vacancy (Church of England diocese representative), Simon Goulden (other faiths/denominations representative), Tony Murphy (Catholic diocese representative), Alicia Meniru & 1 vacancy (Parent Governor Representative).

Enfield Youth Parliament Co-optees (2)
Susan O'Connell - Governance & Scrutiny Officer
Stacey Gilmour -Governance & Scrutiny Secretary

#### **AGENDA**

#### 1. WELCOME & APOLOGIES

## 2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Members of the Council are invited to identify any disclosable pecuniary, other pecuniary or non-pecuniary interests relevant to the items on the agenda.

# 3. CALL IN: QUARTERLY CORPORATE PERFORMANCE REPORT (Pages 1 - 46)

To receive and consider a report from the Director of Law and Governance outlining details of a call-in received on the Cabinet Decision taken on Quarterly Corporate Performance Report (Report No. 141)

The decision that has been called in was a Cabinet Decision taken on 16 October 2019 and included on the Publication of Decision List No: 34/19-20 (List Ref: 1/34/19-20) issued on 18 October 2019.

It is proposed that consideration of the call-in be structured as follows:

• Brief outline of the reasons for the call-in by representative (s) of the

members who have called in the decision

- Response to the reasons provided for the Call-in by a Cabinet Member responsible for taking the decision
- Debate by Overview and Scrutiny Committee and agreement of action to be taken

#### 4. DATES OF FUTURE MEETINGS

To note the dates of future meetings as follows:

Business meetings of OSC

- Thursday 19 December 2019 (Budget meeting)
- Thursday 13 February 2020
- Thursday 2 April 2020

Provisional Call-In dates

- Thursday 28 November 2019
- Thursday 30 January 2020
- Thursday 6 February 2020
- Wednesday 4 March 2020
- Thursday 26 March 2020
- Tuesday 28 April 2020

#### MUNICIPAL YEAR 2019/2020 REPORT NO. 141

MEETING TITLE AND DATE: Overview & Scrutiny Committee, 14 November 2019

REPORT OF:

Director of Law & Governance

Agenda – Part: 1 Item:

Subject: Call in Quarterly Corporate

**Performance Report** 

Cabinet Member consulted: N/A

Contact officers and telephone

numbers:

Jeremy Chambers, Director Law and Governance

Tel: 020 8379 4799

Email: Jeremy.chambers@enfield.gov.uk

Claire Johnson, Head of Governance & Scrutiny

Tel: 020 8379 4239

E mail: claire.johnson@enfield.gov.uk

#### 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 This report details a call-in submitted in relation to the following decision:

Cabinet Decision (taken on 16/10/2019)

- 1.2 Details of this decision were included on Publication of Decision List No. 34/19-20 (Ref. 1/34/19-20 issued on 18 October)
- 1.3 In accordance with the Council's Constitution, Overview and Scrutiny Committee is asked to consider the decision that has been called-in for review.
- 1.4 The members who have called-in this decision do not believe it falls outside of the Council's Policy Framework.

#### 2. RECOMMENDATIONS

- 2.1 That Overview and Scrutiny Committee considers the called-in decision and either:
  - (a) Refers the decision back to the decision-making person or body for reconsideration setting out in writing the nature of its concerns.
     The decision-making person or body then has 14 working days in which to reconsider the decision; or
  - (b) Refer the matter to full Council; or
  - (c) Confirm the original decision.

Once the Committee has considered the called-in decision and makes one of the recommendations listed at (a), (b) or (c) above, the call-in process is completed. A decision cannot be called in more than once.

If a decision is referred back to the decision-making person or body; the implementation of that decision shall be suspended until such time as the decision making person or body reconsiders and either amends or confirms the decision, but the outcome on the decision should be reached within 14 working days of the reference back. The Committee will subsequently be informed of the outcome of any such decision.

#### 3. BACKGROUND/INTRODUCTION

3.1 Please refer to Section 3 in the Decision Report.

#### 4. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED

None – Under the terms of the call-in procedure within the Council's Constitution, Overview & Scrutiny Committee is required to consider any eligible decision called-in for review. The alternative options available to Overview & Scrutiny Committee under the Council's Constitution, when considering any call-in, have been detailed in section 2 above.

#### 5. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

To comply with the call-in procedure within the Council's Constitution.

#### 6. COMMENTS FROM OTHER DEPARTMENTS

## 6.1 Financial Implications

The financial implications relating to the called-in decision have been detailed in Section 6.1 of the Cabinet Decision Report.

## 6.2 Legal Implications

S 21, S 21A-21C Local Government Act 2000, s.19 Police and Justice Act 2006 and regulations made under s.21E Local Government Act 2000 define the functions of the Overview and Scrutiny committee. The functions of the committee include the ability to consider, under the call-in process, decisions of Cabinet, Cabinet Sub-Committees, individual Cabinet Members or of officers under delegated authority.

Part 4, Section 18 of the Council's Constitution sets out the procedure for call-in. Overview and Scrutiny Committee, having considered the decision may: refer it back to the decision-making person or body for reconsideration; refer to full Council or confirm the original decision.

The Constitution also sets out at section 18.2, decisions that are exceptions to the call-in process.

## 6.3 Property Implications

The property implications relating to the called-in decision have been detailed in Section 6.3 of the Cabinet Decision Report.

#### 7. KEY RISKS

The key risks identified relating to the called-in decision have been detailed in the Cabinet Decision Report.

## 8. IMPACT ON COUNCIL PRIORITIES - CREATING A LIFETIME OF OPPORTUNITIES IN ENFIELD

Good Homes in Well-Connected Neighbourhoods, Sustain Strong and Healthy Communities Build our Local Economy to Create a Thriving Place

The way in which the called-in decision impacts on the Council priorities relating to good homes in well-connected neighbourhoods, sustain strong and healthy communities and build our local economy to create a thriving place have been detailed in the Cabinet Decision Report.

#### 9. EQUALITIES IMPACT IMPLICATIONS

The equalities impact implications relating to the called-in decision have been detailed in the Cabinet Decision Report.

#### 10. PERFORMANCE AND DATA IMPLICATIONS

The performance management implications identified relating to the called-in decision have been detailed in the Cabinet Decision Report.

## 11. HEALTH AND SAFETY IMPLICATIONS

The health and safety implications identified relating to the called-in decision have been detailed in the Cabinet Decision Report.

## 12. PUBLIC HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

The public health implications identified relating to the called-in decision have been detailed in the Cabinet Decision Report.

## **Background Papers**

None

# **APPENDIX 1**

**Call-In: Cabinet Decision: Quarterly Corporate Performance Report** 



## MUNICIPAL YEAR 2019/2020 REPORT NO. 98

**MEETING TITLE AND DATE:** 

Cabinet – 16<sup>th</sup> October 2019

**REPORT OF:** 

**Executive Director Resources** 

Contact officer and telephone number:

Sam Buckley 020 8379 3362

E mail: <u>Sam.Buckley@enfield.gov.uk</u>

Agenda – Part: 1

Item: 4

**Subject: Quarterly Corporate Performance** 

Report

Wards: All Non Key

**Cabinet Member consulted:** 

**CIIr Ian Barnes** 

#### 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1.1 In the current challenging financial environment, there is value in demonstrating that, in many areas, Council performance in delivering key priorities is being maintained and/or improved. It is also important that the Council understands and effectively addresses underperformance.
- 1.2 This is the quarterly report on the new Corporate Performance Scorecard that reflects the Council priorities as outlined in the new Council Business Plan. The report attached at Appendix 1 shows the Quarter 1 performance for 2019/20 and compares it to the Council's performance in Q1 19/20.
- 1.3 Appendix 2 focuses on a selection of priority measures where performance is currently off target and or direction of travel is negative. For each measure an action plan with delivery timeframes has been provided to demonstrate what is being done in each service area to address underperformance. This is a live document, which will be updated as progress is made.

#### 2. RECOMMENDATIONS

That Cabinet notes, for information only, the progress being made towards achieving the identified key priorities for Enfield.

#### 3. BACKGROUND

- 3.1 In the continuing challenging local government financial environment, it is important that the Council continues to monitor its performance to ensure that the level and quality of service and value for money is maintained and where possible improved. It is also essential to understand and take appropriate action in areas where performance is deteriorating. This may include delivering alternative interventions to address underperformance, or making a case to central government and other public bodies if the situation is beyond the control of the Council.
- 3.2 The Corporate Performance Scorecard has been developed to demonstrate progress towards achieving the Council's aims and key priorities as set out in the Council Business Plan. The performance measures are grouped under the Council's new strategic aims of the People and the place and Our Guiding principles. A number of financial health measures are also included. The scorecard is reviewed annually and targets are set based on local demand and available resources.
- 3.3 Performance is reported quarterly to the Executive Management Team and Cabinet. Following the Cabinet meeting the performance tables are published on the Council's website.

#### 4. PERFORMANCE

- 4.1 This is the latest quarterly report on the Corporate Performance Scorecard that reflects Council priorities. The report attached at Appendix 1 shows the Quarter 1 performance for 2019/20 and compares it to the Council's performance at the end of Q1 2019/20. The report includes performance data relating to a number of statutory data returns that are supplied to central government. Where appropriate, explanatory comments are provided in the column next to the performance information.
- 4.2 Appendix 2 focuses in more detail on areas that have been highlighted as being areas of concern given longer term trends. This report analyses closer the performance and trend data and sets out actions being taken to address underperformance in those areas.

#### 4.3 Financial Indicators

This section provides an overview of the Council's financial health.

#### 4.4 **Priority Indicators**

The scorecard groups performance indicators under the Council's strategic aims as set out in the new Corporate Plan. Where a target has been set, performance is rated as green if it is on or exceeding the target; amber where the target has been narrowly missed, but is still on track; and red where performance is below the target set for the year.

The notes cover a number of areas and may include explanation of how the indicators are calculated, commentary on progress towards achieving the targets, trends over time and national comparisons.

#### 5. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED

Not to report regularly on the Council's performance. This would make it difficult to assess progress made on achieving the Council's main priorities and to demonstrate the value for money being provided by council services.

## 6. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

To update Cabinet on the progress made against all key priority performance indicators for the Council.

#### 7. COMMENTS OF OTHER DEPARTMENTS

## 7.1 Financial Implications

The cost of producing the quarterly reports will be met from existing resources.

## 7.2 Legal Implications

There is no statutory duty to report regularly to Cabinet on the Council's performance, however under the Local Government Act 1999 a best value authority has a statutory duty to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness. Regular reports on the Council's performance assist in demonstrating best value.

## 7.3 Property Implications

None.

#### 8. KEY RISKS

Robust performance management helps identify areas of risk in service delivery and ensure that council resources are used effectively and that the Council's good reputation is maintained.

## 9. IMPACT ON COUNCIL PRIORITIES – CREATING A LIFETIME OF OPPORTUNITIES IN ENFIELD

#### a. Good Homes in well-connected neighbourhoods

The scorecard includes indicators that measure the Council's progress in providing good homes and reducing temporary accommodation across the Borough.

#### b. Sustain strong and healthy communities

The scorecard includes indicators that assess how the Council's actions are contributing to strengthening communities, reducing crime and improving health outcomes for residents.

## c. Build our local economy to create a thriving place

The scorecard includes indicators that aim to support business growth, increase numbers of people in employment, protect and sustain Enfield's environment and support Enfield's voluntary and community sector.

#### 10. EQUALITIES IMPACT IMPLICATIONS

Local authorities have a responsibility to meet the Public Sector Duty of the Equality Act 2010. The Act gives people the right not to be treated less favourably because of any of the protected characteristics. We need to consider the needs of these diverse groups when designing and changing services or budgets So that our decisions it do not unduly or disproportionately affect access by some groups more than others.

Corporate advice has been sought in regard to equalities and an agreement has been reached that an equalities impact assessment/analysis is not relevant or proportionate for the corporate performance report.

#### 11. PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS

Robust performance management provides the Council with accurate data and ensures that service delivery is meeting local needs and priorities.

#### 12. PUBLIC HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

The scorecard includes a number of health and wellbeing indicators that aim to address the key health inequalities in Enfield.

**Background Papers** 

None

## **EMT Review: 2019-20 Performance Review**

**Report Author:** Joanne Stacey **Generated on:** 03 September 2019



The table below gives an overview of the number of key performance indicators rated as Red, Amber of Green (as at Q1). The position has improved from Q4 when there were 20 KPIS rated as red, now in Q1 this has reduced to 16.

	Q4 2018-2019 Jan-March 2019	Q1 2019-2020 April-June 2019
Number KPIS showing as Red	20 (22.2%)	16 (20.7%)
Number KPIS showing as Amber	15 (16.6%)	10 (13%)
Number KPIS showing as Green	37 (41.1%)	32 (41.5%)
Data only	18 (20%)	19 (24.6%)

<sup>\*</sup>Measures may vary due to reporting time frame. Does not Include Budget Risk Measures

1. Resource Management: Budget Monitor		
Financial Indicator	Key Highlights	Status
FR&CS 100 Income & Expenditure Position – Year end forecast variances	Year-end variances of £4.5m overspend have been forecast to date in relation to General Fund net controllable expenditure. Departments are developing actions to mitigate the pressure to offset identified pressures.	
FR&CS 102 Income & Expenditure Position - HRA	The HRA is projecting a balanced position at year-end outturn against budget	
FR&CS 103 Income & Expenditure Position – DSG	The DSG is forecasting a £2.1m overspend at year-end outturn against budget. Therefore, the cumulative deficit is forecast to be £1.7m and will be the first call on the $2020/21$ grant allocation.	
FR&CS 104 Cash Investments: Borrowing & Cash Flow	The current profile of cash investments continues to be in accordance with the Council's approved strategy for prioritising security of funds over rate of return.	
FR&CS 105 Balance Sheet – General Fund balances year end projections	The outturn projection for General Fund balances will meet the Council's Medium Term Financial Strategy target based on the use of uncommitted reserves to meet one off overspends in 2019/20.	
FR&CS 106 Progress to Achieving Savings MTFP (Current Year)	Savings monitoring has identified a total of £0.6 considered a high risk rated/ undeliverable and a further £6.1m that are at risk of delivery. These are reflected in the reported overspend for Quarter 1 2019/20.	

## 2. Good Homes in Well Connected Neighbourhoods

(a)	Pla	ınn	ıng

(a) Planning	
In the state	Q1 2018/19
Indicator	Value
NI157a BV109a % MAJOR applications determined within target	87.5%
NI157b BV109b % MINOR applications determined within target	59.8%
NI157c BV109c % OTHER applications determined within target	73.9%
ENV247 % 2 year rolling MAJOR applications determined within target	86.6%
ENV247a % 2 year rolling MINOR applications determined within target	80.5%
ENV247b % 2 year rolling MINOR & OTHER applications determined within target	83.2%
ENV319 Undetermined applications validated over 6 months ago	270

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
50%	100%	
71.4%		80%
77.9%	93.7%	85.8%
76.8%	78%	75.4%
74.3%	74%	73.5%
79.4%	79.3%	79%
N/A		

Q1 2019/20	Annual	Notes	
Value	Target 2019/20		
75%	90%	Apr: 1/2; May: 5/5; Jun: 0/1: Q1: 6/8; YTD: 6/8 Comments: A new Strategic Majors Manager is now providing a dedicated resource to focus on strategic major applications and use of PPAs. This wil have a positive impact on our statistics for major applications alongside ongoing recruitment to create additional capacity. Weekly Strategic Applications meeting and interventions as part of an Action Plan are also focussing on major applications.	
75.5%	86%	Apr: 35/49; May: 40/53; Jun: 36/45: Q1: 111/147; YTD: 111/147 Improvement on Q1 18/19 and ongoing improvement in a positive trajectory. Further improvements expected as defined in the Action Plan as per NI157a above	
85.8%	88%	Apr: 88/113; May: 104/111; Jun: 97/113: Q1: 289/337; YTD: 289/337 Improvement on Q1 18/19 and some monthly performance exceeding target (see May). Further improvements expected as defined in the Action Plan as per NI157a above	
75.4%	86%	Q1: 43 of the 57 major planning applications determined within the last 24 months were processed within 13 weeks. Action Plan as per NI157a (major applications) above	
73.5%	85%	Q1: 1040 of the 1415 minor applications determined within the last 24 months were processed within 8 weeks.  Action Plan as per NI157a (major applications) above	
79%	85%	Q1: 3195 of the 4045 minor and other applications determined within the last 24 months were processed within 8 weeks. Action Plan as per NI157a (major applications) above	
304		Value reflects the position on the last day of the quarter. Includes all applications validated on or after 01/04/2015 to date where no decision is recorded. The Q1 result shows an improvement from the 18-19 outturn position of 366	

## (b) Section 106 Agreements

Indicator
ENV320 Section 106 spend
ENV321 Section 106 receipts

Q1 2018/19
Value

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
	N/A	
	TW/A	
	N/A	

Q1 2019/20	Annual	Notes	
Value	Target 2019/20		
Not measured for Quarters		2018/19 spend £4,19m 2017/18 spend: £1.36m There has been significant increase in the amount of section 106 funds collected and spent since the beginning of the last reported financial year (2017/18). The majority of funds were used to towards the provision of affordable housing in the borough and meeting the borough's increased demand for extra primary school places by constructing new buildings, classrooms, specialist facilities and play space. This is the highest S106 expenditure recorded to date	
Not measured for Quarters		2018/19 Receipts £2,79m 2017/18 Receipts: £1.37m	

Indicator
ENV327 Section 106 closing balance
ENV261a % Section 106 Agreements closed within 6 months of resolution

Q1	2018/19
Va	lue

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
	N/A	
100%	100%	100%

Q1 2019/20	Annual	Notes	
Value	Target 2019/20		
Not measured for Quarters		2018/19 Closing Balance £4,16m 2017/18 Closing Balance: £6.30m	
100%	90%	100% in Q1 represents 3 cases and shows an improvement on Q1 2018/19	

	USII	

Q1 2018/19
Value
3320
27
0

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
3411	3363	3410
16	27	36
		0

Q1 2019/20	Annual	
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes
3410		Approx. 4997 children are currently living in Temporary Accommodation 537 Homeless applications were made during Q1 19- 20
36	100	Quarter 1 - Properties recovered: 27 Council and 9 TA
	0	2 children in Bed and Breakfast accommodation, 0 have been there over 6 weeks

## (d) Council Homes

Indicator
HO002b Council Homes - Current Tenants: Total Arrears
TP150 Responsive repairs completed by agreed target date - (YTD)

Q1 2018/19	
Value	
£2,435,143	
95.7%	

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019	
Value	e Value Value		
£2,593,799	£2,310,582	£2,167,849	
97.8%	96.7%	94.6%	

Q1 2019/20	Annual	Notes	
Value	Target 2019/20		
£2,167,849	£2,300,000	2019/20 Target to restrict arrears to £2,300,000	
94.6%	98%	Data outturns are inclusive of all term contractor repairs that were raised and completed in June 2019. A total of 4,864 responsive repairs were completed in time from a total of 5,140 repairs completed.	

## 3. Build our Local Economy to Create a Thriving Place

## (a) Education & Training

Indicator

SCS117 % of 16-17 year olds not in education, employment or training (NEET) or not known (NK) (new Sept 2016)

Q1 2018/19
Value
6.9%
6.9%

Q1 2018/19 Value

79.7%

40.6

8.6%

33.4

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
5.1%	5.6%	6%

Q1 2019/20	Annual		
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes	
6%	7%	June NEETs = 1.4%, (figure consistent since January 2019). London was 2.0% and England 3.0%  Not Knowns = 4.6%, higher than the London average of 2.5% and England average of 2.5%	

## (b) Safeguarding Children

Indicator
NI060A Percentage of C&F Assessments for children's social care that were authorised within 45 working days of their commencement
LAC18 (PAFCH39) Children looked after (CLA) per 10000 population age under 18
NI065 Percentage of children becoming the subject of Child Protection Plan for a second or subsequent time - in the past two years
SG11 (CS20) No of children on the CP Plan per 10000 children

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
94.9%	92.9%	93.0%
46.1	46.8	46
10.0%	10.5%	11.5%
38.4	36.7	35.7

Q1 2019/20	Annual Target	Notes	
Value	2019/20		
93.0%	80.0%	Since the 1st April 2019, 1256 out of 1350 completed assessments have been authorised within 45 working days of the assessment start date. The average duration for those authorised was 28.1 days. Percentage of assessments completed by the Social Worker within 35 working days was 77.5%, the average duration for completion was 26.7 days.	
46	50	387 CLA as at the end of June. 32 Children with a disability. Current under 18 population figure from the DfE is 84,211. 15 Children entered care in June. 12 Children left care in June. 12 month average figure of looked after children is 367/month.	
11.5%		This indicator relates to children who have had a previous child protection plan in the past two years.  Of the 365 children who became subject to a Child Protection plan during the past 12 months, 42 had been on a previous Child Protection Plan in the past two years and 74 (20.3%) have had a previous CPP at some point in the past.  10 single children 6 sibling groups of 2 5 sibling groups of 3 1 sibling group of 5	
35.7	45	301 children with a CP plan as at the end of June 2019, divided by the child population of Enfield; 84,211 x 10000. 26 new CPP and 25 cessations during June. The current rate compares to 33.4 (280) as at June 2018.	

(c) Libraries, Arts & Culture	
Indicator	
ENV317 Participation in Council Led Arts Activities	
LM04 Enfield Library Visits	
LM07.021 Enfield Town Library and Community Libraries (Issues & Renewals)	
LM07.022 Edmonton Green Library and Community (Issues & Renewals)	
LM07.023 Palmers Green Library and Community Libraries (Issues & Renewals)	
LM07.024 Ordnance Unity Centre Library and Community Libraries (Issues & Renewals)	

	P	
Q1 2018/19	Apr 2019	May 2019
Value	Value	Value
65,540		N/A
370,301		N/A
56701		N/A
28594		N/A
45351		N/A
16532		N/A

Q1 2019/20	Annual		
Value Target 2019/20		Notes	
61,040		1st Quarter FiguresMillfield Arts Centre, 29,640Dugdale Centre 13,500Forty Hall 15,100Salisbury House 2800	
356,649	1,250,000		
68911	226000		
33863	114000		
62382	180000		
20115	67500		

## (d) Physical Activity

Indicator		Q1 2018/19
		Value
ENV318 Satisfaction with Leisure Centre Users		75.5%
ENV335 Number of Visitors to the Active Enfield Programme (Young People)		
ENV336 Number of Visitors to the Active Enfield Programme (Older People)		

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
75.7%	05.50/	
75.7%	85.5%	

Q1 2019/20	Annual	Notes	
Value	Target 2019/20		
		Fusion have recently introduced a new management information system and there are a few teething issues in making the customer feedback software link to the new system. In June there was limited data available due to this, Fusion are working to resolve the issue.	
80.6%	77%	Satisfaction is measured across nine categories: Staff, Range of Activities, Building Condition, Cleanliness, VFM, Equipment, Ease of Booking, Ease of Gaining Information and Website. In Q1 the lowest levels of satisfaction were;  1. Ease of gaining information 63%	
		2. Staff 68% 3. Equipment 68% 4. Cleanliness 70% Of the 4 centres, Edmonton and Southbury have received the lowest levels of satisfaction in the quarter.	
6,812	25,000		
2,296	9,000		

Jun 2019

Value

## 4. Sustain Strong and Healthy Communities

Q1 2018/19 Value

21.1%

100%

60.5%

1303

84.3%

15.02%

83.5%

136

86.9%

6.3%

134.8

## (a) Adult Social Care

Indicator
PAF-AO/D40s Number of clients reviewed in the year (of clients receiving any long term service)
NI130s(%LTSs) % of Current Social Care Clients accessing Long Term Support (LTS) who receive Self Directed Support
NI130s(LTS-DP%) Percentage of current clients with Long Term Support (LTS) receiving a Direct Payment
NI131 (F10) Delayed transfers of care (days): Profile within Each Quarter
NI131 (F11) Delayed Transfer of Care - Days Delayed (SOCIAL CARE Delays): Profile within Each Quarter
NI132 BV195 Timeliness of social care assessment (all adults)
NI135 Carers receiving needs assessment or review and a specific carer's service, or advice & information (Inc Carers Centre)
NI145 Adults with learning disabilities in settled accommodation
NI146(A) Number of adult learning disabled clients receiving LTS in paid employment
NI149 % of adults receiving secondary mental health services in settled accommodation (percentage)
NI150 No of Adults receiving secondary mental health services in employment
PAF-AO/C72 New Admissions to supported permanent Residential and Nursing Care (65+) per 100,000 population over 65
PAF-AO/C73 New Admissions to Residential and Nursing Care 18-64 (per 100,000 population).

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
6.2%	14.2%	21.9%
100%	100%	100%
61.6%	62.6%	62.4%
303	580	
31	73	
91.6%	90.9%	89.1%
5.63%	14.17%	20.12%
85.2%	85.2%	85.1%
153	153	153
78.7%	78.7%	78.7%
4.9%	4.7%	4.7%
48.0	84.5	123.4
0.00	0.97	1.95

Q1 2019/20	Annual	
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes
21.9%	80.0%	21.9% represents 852 of 3,893 clients receiving long term support having a review within the last 12 months. These figures is higher than at the same point last year (21.1%).
100%	100%	
62.4%	61.0%	Q1 Performance is 62.4%, an increase on last year's Q1 performance of 58.4%. It should be noted we are ranked as the 6th best LA in the country for this measure.
580		
73		
89.1%	90.0%	89.1% of assessments were completed within four weeks. This is an improvement on the same period last year (84.3%) and follows a recent upward trend in this measure.
20.12%	48.00%	20.12% represents the highest recorded June figure for this measure and is an increase on the same period last year (15.02%).
85.1%	81.0%	
153		
78.7%	85.0%	
4.7%	6.5%	Number of adults who have received secondary mental health services in paid employment (i.e. those recorded as 'employed') at the time of their most recent assessment/formal review:43  Total adults who have received secondary mental health services at this point of the financial year: 921 (4.67%)
123.4	479.8	This figure represents 54 admissions for Q1 and is an improvement on the same period last year (59).
1.95	5.85	This represents 4 admissions against a target of 3. It should be noted that we are in the top quartile nationally for this indicator in previous years.

## (b) Public Health Q1 2018/19 Indicator Value DAAT-001 NDTMS Partnership Successful Completion Rate (%) for all Drug users in treatment (aged 18+), excluding alcoholonly users: PH002c New Baby Reviews completed (10-14 days after birth) PH002o Proportion of Young People exiting treatment in a planned way of all treatment exits (EMT) PH003h % of Enfield residents' attendance which were at Enfield Sexual Health Clinics

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019	
Value	Value	Value	
N/A			
	N/A		
	N/A		
N/A			

Q1 2019/20	Annual	
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes
	20.0%	Successful treatment completions over the last two quarters has seen a slight decrease in performance relating to the number of non-opiate patients being discharged from treatment. This has been addressed through quarterly contract review meetings, a detailed action plan has been implemented by the Provider to address the decrease in successful completions across all cohorts as well as to increase numbers into treatment. This has included an audit of current patient caseloads from engagement to treatment as well as time in treatment and a full audit of third party referrals
		Performance against this measure remains above the London average. (data to Quarter 4 2018/19)
	77%	Planned discharges remain high and above the national average which was 77% in Q4 18/19
		New Contract, Targets for 2019/20 to be agreed
1,400		This Oral Health performance indicator is new. It was decided to start reporting on the number of eligible children that received at least one fluoride varnish rather than the number of applications. Q1 data for Fluoride Varnish applications is 1,400 and they carried out 30 school visits (split across the 22 schools). The Team has identified schools with consent rates below the 65% threshold and more work is being undertaken to increase this i.e. providing additional parent information sessions and introducing a new Gold, Silver and Bronze school award system which is based on consent rates and should increase those.

## (c) Waste, Recycling and Cleanliness

PH003x Number of Children that received at

least one Fluoride Varnish

Indicator	
NI191 Residual Waste Per Household (kg)	'
NI192 % of household waste sent for reuse recycling and composting	∍,
PR002 # of customer reported street scene issues (inc. litter issues, bins, dog fouling, graffiti, leaves/weeds, fly posting, road sweeping)	Э

Q1 2018/19	
Value	
165 kg per h/h	
238	

20.2%

98%

86%

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
	N/A	
N/A		
96	108	47

Q1 2019/20 Value	Annual Target 2019/20	Notes
	600 kg per h/h	<b>2018/19</b> Total: 632.97 kg per household, a 4.8% (29kg) increase in collection per household to the 2017/18 outturn of 604 kg Figures per quarter: Q1: 165.02, Q2: 154.56, Q3: 160.61, Q4: 152.79
	37%	2018/19: 33.4%, a 6.96% (2.5 tonnes) decrease in household waste sent for reuse, recycling and composting than the 2017/18 figure of 35.9%
251	950	Q1 2017/18: 209 reported issues Q1 2018/19: 238 reported issues Q1 2019/20: 251 reported issues

#### (d) Community Safety May 2019 Q1 2018/19 Apr 2019 Jun 2019 Q1 2019/20 Annual Target Notes Indicator Value Value Value Value Value 2019/20 Residential Burglary has increased by 9.6% when compared to the CS-SSCB009 Burglary - Residential same quarter last year. When considering the number of residential 584 242 190 208 640 2.209 Offences burglaries in the year ending June 2019, there was a similar increase of 9.4%, compared to the previous year ending June 2018. CS-SSCB010 Domestic Abuse Incidents 456 496 1.421 487 1.439 5.840 CS-SSCB011 Domestic Abuse Violence 218 58 86 76 220 937 With Injury Offences There was an increase of 9.1% in Serious Youth Violence victims when the current quarter is compared to the same time last year. June CS-SSCB012 Serious Youth Violence 110 35 40 45 120 392 2019 had the highest level of this offence type in Quarter 1 and over the last 12 rolling months with 45 victims recorded. The number of Antisocial Behaviour calls increased by 10.1% (n=231 calls) by the end of June 2019. The average monthly number of calls in the previous 12 months was 760, however in June 2019 there were CS-SSCB013 Anti Social Behaviour Calls 2.292 787 822 914 2.523 9.086 914 calls. July and October 2018 also recorded high numbers with 970 and 920 calls respectively, this is due to the seasonal increase that is predicted again this year. CS-SSCB014 Hate Crime Overall Total 133 53 41 43 137 Non Domestic Abuse Violence with Injury offences have increased by 20.7%. June 2019 recorded 180 offences alone, which is the highest CS-SSCB015 Non Domestic Abuse 397 162 137 180 479 1,661 monthly level in the last 12 rolling months. The average number of Violence with Injury Offences offences has increased from 132 in Quarter 1 - 2018 to 160 in the same quarter in 2019. Violence Against the Person includes both violence with or without CS-SSCB016 Violence against the Person injury. The number of offences decreased by 10.8% in Quarter 1 of 2,204 626 629 712 1,967 7,798 Offences 2019. June 2019 itself recorded the highest monthly number so far in the last 12 rolling months with 712 offences. Knife Crime Offences have increased by 15.6% - with June 2019 SGB500 Number of knife crime offences 173 56 65 79 200 recording the highest level of offences in Quarter 1 this year, higher YTD than the same time last year. SGB501 Number of knife possession 49 12 18 20 50 offences YTD In Q1 2019/20 there has been 1 custodial sentence from a total of 41 sentences. YOU NI 043.2 Number of Young People Q1 Breakdown: sentenced at Court that are given a

0

36

April: 1 /14 sentences

May: 0/13 sentences June: 0/14 sentences

1

4

Custodial sentence in the Month

0

## 5. Communicate with You

4 5		
	Customar	Evnorionce
	<b>Customer</b>	LAPELICIICE

(a) Customer experience	
Indicator	
CE 007 Customer Satisfaction: Webchat	
GWH 002 Gateway Telephones - Answer Rate	
GWH 003 Gateway Telephones - Average Wait Time	
GWH 014b Customer Services: % of Calls Answered Within 5 Minutes	

2018/19	
ie	
2.0%	
4.73%	
)h 03m 46s	
7.7%	

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
71.0%	73.0%	83.0%
77.6%	76.04%	79.43%
00h 07m 06s	00h 07m 26s	
77.5%	64.3%	68.1%

Q1 2019/20	Annual				
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes			
83.0%	85.0%	Q1 results reflect the service being understaffed due to undergoing a			
77.69%	88%	July, and another increase to 88% in August, and a reduction in			
00h 06m 52s	00h 03m 00s				
68.1%	90%	average wait time to 4min 46secs in July and 3min 18secs in August. As at the start of September 2019, 10 of the 14 new permanent officers had started, with a further 4 planned to join us by mid-September, and 4 customer services apprentices being recruited by HR, which will further improve performance once their training period has completed. Q1 results also reflect some systems issues, for which improvement projects are underway.			

## (b) Corporate Measures

## (a) Complaints, MEQs, FOIs

Indicator		Q1 2018/19
		Value
COMP 01a All Departments - Complaints closed within 10 days		58.4%
FOI 01a All Departments - FOIs answered within 20 days		68.2%
MEQ 01a All Departments - MEQs closed within 8 days		75.3%

Q1 2018/19	
Value	
58.4%	
68.2%	

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
	N/A	
	N/A	
	N/A	

Q1 2019/20 Value	Annual Target 2019/20	Notes
86.5%	95.0%	Q1 2019/20: 77 of 89 (86.5%) within timescale for all departments; Q1 2018/19 = 58.4%  CEX 100% (1/1)  Resources 90% (9/10)  Place 86.2% (56/65) Council Housing 91.9% 34/37)  People 88.9% (8/9)  Co-ordinated 75% (3/4)
70.4%	100.0%	Q1 2019/20: 259 of 368 (70.4%) within timescale for all departments; Q1 2018/19 - 68.2%  CEX 84.2% (32/38)  Resources 61.9% (39/63)  Place 81.8% (112/137) (Council Housing 20% 2/10)  People 66.23% (51/77)  Co-ordinated 47.1% (46/71)
73.3%	95.0%	Q1 2019/20: 1364 of 1862 inside target (73.3%)  CEX 71.74% (36/46)  Resources 74.7% (145/194)  Place 76.1% (1023/1344) (Council Housing TBC%)  People 81.4% (70/86)  Co-ordinated 48.4%(93/192)

(b)	Sickness	Absen
Ind	icator	

	Q1 2018/1
Indicator	Value
BV012a Average Sick Days - Council Staff (rolling 4 quarters)	9.10
BV012b Average Sick Days: SHORT TERM ABSENCE - Council Staff (rolling 4 quarters)	3.46
BV012c Average Sick Days: LONG TERM ABSENCE - Council Staff (rolling 4 quarters)	5.67
HR0008a Average Sick Days per FTE - Chief Executive's	
HR0008bb Average Sick Days per FTE - Resources	
HR0008cc Average Sick Days per FTE - People	
HR0008dd Average Sick Days per FTE - Place	

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019	
Value	Value	Value	
0.55	0.50	0.46	
0.68	0.72	0.74	
0.61	0.70	0.54	
0.78		0.89	

Q1 2019/20 Value	Annual Target 2019/20	Notes
9.03	7.50	Average Days per FTE - 12 month average to 30.6.2019 Chief Executives: 8.42 Resources: 6.58 Place: 10.67 People: 9.95
3.12	2.50	Average Days per FTE - 12 month average to 30.6.2019 Chief Executives: 2.29 Resources: 2.21 Place: 3.39 People: 4.16
5.91	4.75	Average Days per FTE - 12 month average to 30.6.2019 Chief Executives: 6.13 Resources: 4.37 Place: 7.28 People: 5.79
1.51	7.50	
2.14	7.50	Annual target in 2019/20 Council Plan - 7.5 days per annum. Equal to 0.62 days per month
1.85	7.50	
2.52	7.50	Annual target in 2019/20 Council Plan - 7.5 days per annum. Equal to 0.62 days per month

## (c) Payment of Council Invoices

Indicator
INV004 Invoices Council Overall: Invoices Paid within 30 days
INV004 CEX CEX Group: Invoices Paid within 30 days
INV004 PEOP People Group: Invoices Paid within 30 days
INV004 PLACE Place Group: Invoices Paid within 30 days
INV004 RES Resources Group: Invoices Paid within 30 days

Q1 2018/19	
Value	
96.2%	
94.59%	
96.3%	
94.4%	
97.5%	

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
96.1%	95.7%	95.7%
96.06%	97.14%	96.9%
95.78%	95.58%	95.58%
96.8%	95.3%	97.2%
97.8%	96.8%	93.7%

Q1 2019/20	Annual	
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes
95.9%	100.0%	Q1 2019/20: 17,912 of 18,686 paid within target (95.9%). Although target set to 100%, status will show as green if above 95% and red if below 92%
96.71%	100%	Q1 2019/20: 618 of 639 within target (96.71%)
95.65%	100%	Q1 2019/20: 11,932 of 12,475 paid within target (95.65%)
96.5%	100%	Q1 2019/20: 3,268 of 3,385 within target (96.5%)
95.7%	100.0%	Q1 2019/20: 2,094 / 2,187 within target (95.7%)

## 6. Work with You

## Borough Information

Indicator
PH003v NHS Indicator - A&E Attendance: % where less than 4 hours from arrival to admission, transfer or discharge
RLCPI 0012 Employment rate in Enfield - working age Population

Q1 2018/19
Value
86.0%

69.5%

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
	N/A	
	N/A	

Q1 2019/20 Value	Annual Target 2019/20	Notes
86.4%		Q1 2019/20 : 86.4% (40,047 attendance seen within 4 hours; 46,325 attendances) Figures for North Middlesex University Hospital
	73.0%	69.2% is the latest figure available and covers the period to April 2018 - March 2019 (recorded for quarter 4 2018/19) for those aged 16-64. Employment rate for London - 74.2%. The unemployment rate for Enfield is 5.1% compared to 4.9% for London over the same period.

## 7. Work Smartly For You

Indicator

## [a] Council Tax and Business Rates

BV009 % of Council Tax collected (in year collection) Combined
BV010 % of Business Rates collected (in year collection)

Q1 2018/19	
Value	
30.15%	
27.23%	

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
11.62%	20.44%	29.16%
9.28%	18.46%	27.47%

Q1 2019/20	Annual	
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes
29.16%	95.00%	End of June collection rate 29.16% - 47,188,245 collected / 161,850,865 net debit). Current target 30.15% represents actual collection rate at June 2018
27.47%	98.9%	End of June collection rate 27.47% - (33,167,864 collected / 33,549,999 net debit). Current target 27.23% represents actual collection rate at June 2018

## [b] Benefits Processing & Support

Indicator
BV079b(i) % of Housing Benefit Overpayments recovered.
FCRCP32 Processing New claims- Housing Benefit (average calendar days - cumulative)
FCRCP33 Processing Times for Benefit Change in Circumstances (average number of calendar days Cumulative YTD)

Q1 2018/19
Value
102.08%
27.04
6.42

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019	
Value	Value	Value	
69.34%	63.99%	72.04%	
21.35	21.67	22.63	
3.77	4.41	3.75	
	•	•	

Q1 2019/20	Annual		
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes	
72.04%	83.00%	June 2019: £1,863,092 recovered of £2,586,178 overpayments identified (72.04%). Between April to December 2018 average benefit overpayments raised £706.5k, average collection rate 92.4%. From January 19 the Government instructed us to review self-employed benefit assessments. From Jan to Mar 2019 average overpayments raised rose to over £1m per month. Self-employed overpayments are more difficult to collect and the impact of this review will affect collection rates throughout 2019/20. In April collection was 63.99%. For August we are up to 74.28% so we are gradually recovering the position.	
22.63	23	April 2019 to Date: 621 new claims / 14056 days - Average 22.63	
3.75	7	April 2019 to Date: 34598 new claims / 129696 days - Average 3.75	

## 8. Annual indicators

## (a) Planning (Developer Performance)

Indicator
REGEN006 # New dwellings granted planning permission
REGEN008 # New dwellings started
REGEN010 Proposed affordable units as a percentage of proposed gross units started
REGEN002b Affordable housing units as a percentage of gross units completed
REGEN007 Social Rented housing units as a percentage of gross affordable units completed

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019		
Value	Value	Value		
	N/A			
	N/A			
N/A				
	N/A			
	N/A			

Q1 2019/20	Annual	
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes
Not measured for Quarters		2017/18 data - 1,616 net additional dwellings granted planning permission 2018/19 data not available until October 2019.
Not measured for Quarters	798	2017/18 new dwellings started: 170 (net) and 262 (gross).  Note: this includes units in all developments started during 2017/18 regardless of whether they were also completed during the year.
Not measured for Quarters		As at 31/03/2018 for all developments started (at any time) but not completed by 31/03/2018 were a total of <b>1,212</b> proposed units of which <b>405</b> ( <b>33.4%</b> ) were proposed affordable units. 2018/19 data not available until October 2019.
Not measured for Quarters	40%	During 2017/18 <b>568</b> gross units were completed of which <b>37 (6.5%)</b> were affordable housing units. <b>Note:</b> Units are only counted as 'complete' when the whole development is completed. For information during 2017/18 40 units were built at Ladderswood of which 23 were affordable and 61 at Ponders End Electric Quarter of which 21 were affordable, these additional 44 affordable units are <u>not</u> counted in this measure. 2018/19 data not available until October 2019.
Not measured for Quarters	70%	2017/18 figure is is 91.9% - 37 gross affordable housing units completed of which 34 were social rented.  Note: Units are only counted as 'complete' when the whole development is completed. For information during 2017/18 40 units were built at Ladderwood of 23 were affordable and 61 at Ponders End Electric Quarter of which 21 were affordable, these additional 44 affordable units are not counted in this measure. Of these 44 units 42 are social rented.

## (b) Education

Indicator
ED 003 % All Secondary Schools judged as good or outstanding by Ofsted
ED 004 % All Primary Schools judged as good or outstanding by
ED 020 % Permanent Exclusions State Funded Primary
ED 021 % Permanent Exclusions State Funded Secondary

Q1 2018/19	J
Value	l
	Ì
	ľ

Q1 2018/19 Value

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019		
Value	Value	Value		
N/A				
N/A				
	N/A			

Q1 2019/20	Annual		
Value	Target 2019/20	Notes	
Not measured for Quarters		As at 31 Dec 2018 Enfield has 90% of State funded Secondary Schools as Good and Outstanding equal to that of London average.	
Not measured for Quarters	85.0%	As at 31st Dec 2018 Enfield had 85% Statefunded Primary Schools recorded as Good or Outstanding equal to that of London Average.	
Not measured for Quarters	.20%	Number of Permanent Exclusions : 4 Number of Fixed Period Exclusions ; 406 Number of Pupils with One or more fixed Period Exclusions: 210 Permanent Exclusions: London: 0.01 England: 0.03	
Not measured for Quarters	.20%	53 Permanent Exclusions. 2895 Fixed Period exclusions 1794 Pupils with one or more fixed period exclusions England: 0.20 London: 0.18	

Indicator
ED080 Reading, Writing, Maths - % All pupils Reaching Expected Standards KS2
ED 400 Average Attainment 8 Score per pupil
EY007 - (DM) % of children benefiting from early years education - 3/4 year olds
NI072.1 % Pupils achieving a good level of development at the end of the Early Years Foundation Stage. New 2012-13

Q1 2018/19		Apr 2019
Value		Value
	ŀ	

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
	N/A	•
	N/A	
	N/A	
	N/A	

Q1 2019/20	Annual Target 2019/20	
Value		Notes
Not measured for Quarters	70.%	We have improved by 4% points on last year. Enfield is showing an improving trend moving 5 places up in national ranking in 2018. 65% is better than the England Average of 64%.
Not measured for Quarters	47.00	Enfield is above England Average of 44.3 and also above our Statistical Neighbours 45.12 Ranked 69 Nationally, which positions us in Quartile band 'B' Nationally. Both the England Average & Statistical Neighbours performance has show a drop over the last 3 years.
Not measured for Quarters	85%	85% of 3 & 4 year old children benefit from early education places is 1% higher than last year. Statistical Neighbours average is 86% showing a lower performance than previous year by 1.6%p and England average is 94% remaining the same as previous year. 94% of 3&4 yr olds in funded early education are with Good/Outstanding providers.
Not measured for Quarters	71.0%	69.3% of pupils in Enfield achieved a GLD in EY foundation stage, This is an increase of 1.3% on last year and shows an improving trend over the last 6 years. England average 71.5%

## (d) Public Health

Indicator
PHOF02.06i Proportion of children aged 4-5 classified as overweight or obese (Reception) (EMT)
PHOF02.06ii Proportion of children aged 10-11 classified as overweight or obese (Year 6). (EMT)
PHOF02.14 Smoking Prevalence - Adults (Over 18s)

Q1 2018/19	
<b>Value</b>	

Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
	N/A	
	N/A	
	N/A	

Q1 2019/20	Annual Target 2019/20		
Value		Notes	
Not measured for Quarters	24.7%	2017/18 London = 21.8%, National = 22.4%	
		Severely Obese Reception Year = 3.9%	
Not measured for Quarters	41.1%	2017/18 London = 37.7%, National = 34.3%	
		Severely obese Year 6 = 6.1%	
Not measured for Quarters		London = 13.9%, England = 14.4%	

## (e) Borough Information

Indicator
ENV114.1 Road Accident Casualties: People Killed or Seriously Injured (KSI)
VE 001 Vibrant Economy Index

Q1 2018/19	
Value	

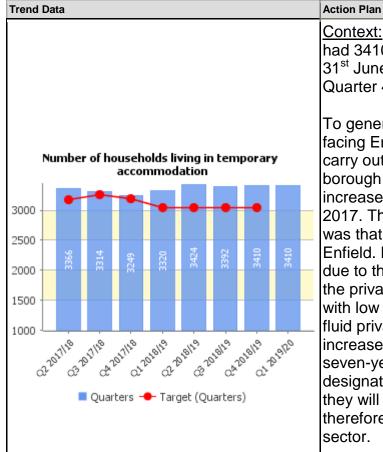
Apr 2019	May 2019	Jun 2019
Value	Value	Value
	N/A	
	N/A	

Q1 2019/20	Annual Target 2019/20	Notes	
Value			
2017 = 121KSI	104	Target based on achieving reduction in KSIs to 67 per year by 2022 Performance for 2017 based on 3 year rolling average 2016, 2017 & 2018.  New COPA system used to assess severity of collisions has resulted in historic data being recast.	
Not measured for Quarters	200	Data s compiled by Grant Thornton each year - Enfield is ranked 217th (of 324 LA areas), and is in the bottom 20% of LAs for "inclusion and equality" and "health, wellbeing and happiness" but in the top 20% for "resilience and sustainability" - no formal target but "red" if worse than the previous year (rank 200 of 324 in 2016)	

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## **Performance Report Appendix 2:**

Performance Review: Homelessness Lead Director: Executive Director Place



Context: The figures for June 2019 showed that Enfield had 3410 households in Temporary Accommodation as of 31<sup>st</sup> June 2019. This figure remains static from the end of Quarter 4.

To generate greater insight into the specific challenges facing Enfield the Smith Institute was commissioned to carry out research into the drivers of homelessness in the borough and how the Council should respond to a 246% increase in homelessness acceptances between 2010 and 2017. The main finding of the Smith Institute's research was that poverty is the key driver of homelessness in Enfield. Enfield is different to many other local boroughs due to the very high number of poorer households living in the private rented sector. This combination of households with low levels of financial resilience living in a relatively fluid private sector housing market has led to a 246% increase in homelessness acceptances in Enfield over a seven-year period. Although the accommodation is designated as temporary, the reality for most people is that they will remain there for several years. Any solution therefore needs to be firmly rooted in the private rented sector.

A report was presented to Cabinet on the 11<sup>th</sup> September with a series of recommendations for a fundamental redesign of the service. The key principles are:

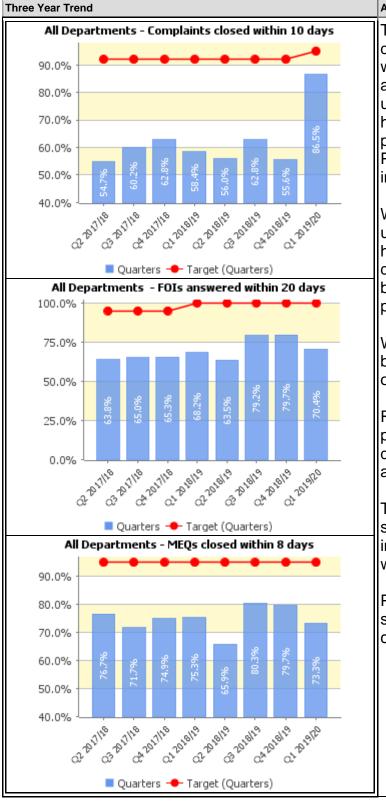
- Private Rented Sector as the solution
- Support residents and landlords in the PRS to ensure tenancies succeed and incentivise this for both residents and landlords.
- Clear communication and messaging with residents on their options
- · Prevention and support is better than relief
- Temporary Accommodation should be temporary
- Give residents informed choices

#### Positive Actions undertaken in April – June 2019

Homelessness Prevention/TA Move On outcomes (PRS)

- Tenancy sustainment (retained in current tenancy) 110
- Homefinders 76
- Households moved on from temporary accommodation to the PRS - 59
- Housing Allocations (social housing) for permanent move on from TA - 41
- Training staff and improving business process to improve efficiency and timely decision making
- During September an additional staff member will be recruited to determine applications where the Council has decided to cease its housing duty and temporary accommodation due to rent arrears or anti-social behaviour
- A Review of the Homelessness Service is underway to inform a new homelessness service model with more upstream prevention activities and strengthened partnership working.
- Changes are being proposed to the Council's Allocations Scheme to give greater priority to vulnerable households and those who are proactive in finding their own housing solutions including private rented homes as an alternative to temporary accommodation.
- Responding to London Councils, LGA and MHCLG surveys in relation to the Hosing Reduction Act and its positive/negative impacts. This will help to inform future policy changes and enable Enfield to lobby for additional funding due to the challenges we face.
- Continue to carry out suitability assessments to assist clients to move on from TA
- Further development of a performance Framework to accurately track levels of demand for TA in Enfield to be able to effectively track the success of interventions.

## Performance Review: Complaints, FOI's and Complaints Lead Director: Director of Law and Governance



#### Action Plan

Targets are monitored weekly with departments. The escalation process that was introduced highlights to Senior Officers areas where action needs to be taken urgently. Regular liaison with departments has increased, all of which have resulted in a positive improvement in performance. Processes will continue to be reviewed and improved to ensure the system works well.

Work is ongoing with Depts to encourage the use of Power BI Live Dashboard, which will help to highlight cases that are approaching deadlines. This will allow remedial action to be undertaken to support improvements in performance and bring back on target by Q4.

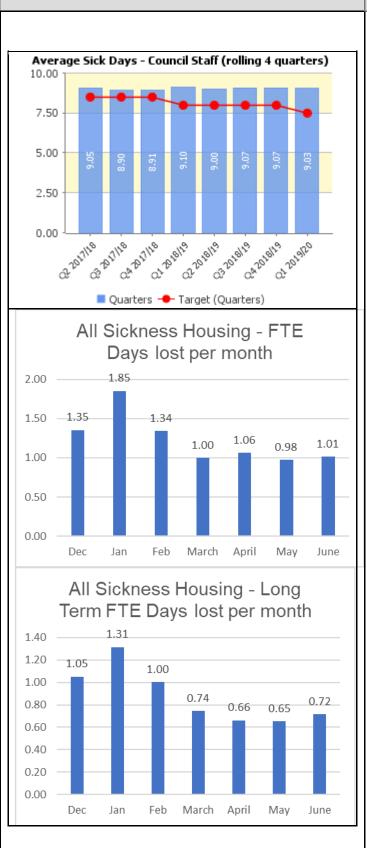
Weekly monitoring of progress continues to be undertaken by Team Manager with Heads of Service.

Regular meetings with DMTs and weekly progress reports are being issued to departments to help facilitate discussions and address areas of underperformance.

The escalation process to alert officers and senior managers of non-response and impending deadlines, to ensure appropriate warning is given for action to be taken.

Provisional figures for FOIS for Q2 so far show data being at 74.9% for FOIS and complaints at 78.1% and MEQ's at 81%.

## Performance Review: Sickness Absence Lead Director: Executive Director Place

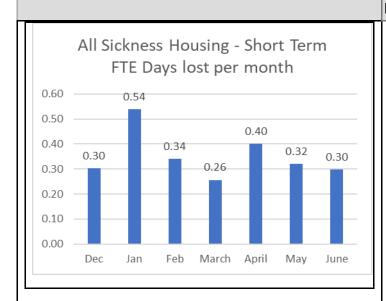


#### **Improvement Plan**

The rolling 4 quarters for sickness absence up to June 2019 is in the chart on the left-hand side Current Council wide performance is above target with 9.03FTE days being lost to sickness every year. The Target is 7.96 FTE days lost which is also the London average.

For the Housing service there has been a noticeable improvement in sickness absence since the start of the calendar year. Figures remain above the monthly target 0.663 FTE Days but there has been a noticeable improvement. Actions have included:

- HR are continuing to routinely review long term sickness cases and are working with managers to ensure the case is proactively managed.
- Services with high levels of sickness absence are being targeted for additional support including additional 'Managing Absence & Attendance' training sessions
- Increased use of data to identify individuals that are hitting sickness trigger points
- Additional promotion is on-going for the Council's Counselling and Physio service to support staff and managers.
- Work is being done to identify additional support and guidance for staff suffering with mental health, anxiety and depression.
- Analysis has been undertaken to provide greater understanding and intelligence around sickness absence.
- Sickness boards have been introduced to monitor sickness absence, discus the trends and provide support to managers
- Workshops session and focus discussion were carried for manual workers in the caretaking services. This has allowed managers to gather feedback as to what is causing the extra high levels of sickness. Actions plans are being agreed and actions implemented, for instance: better PPE or tools. Working methods are being revised to ensure the safest possible ways are deployed, to minimise potential injuries.
- There is a greater emphasis on formally managing sickness absence in line with the agreed HR policies and procedures.
- Reporting of being sick on the day by



## Improvement Plan

employees has improved..

## Further plans include:

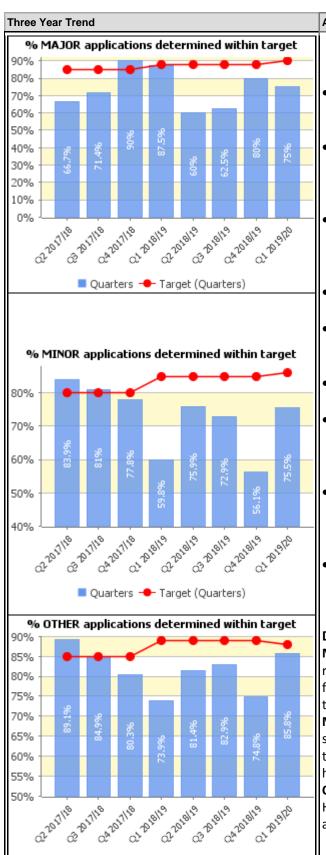
- A permanent senior management team in Housing is now in place.
- Long standing sickness cases are being progressed including one termination due to ill health in this quarter.
- In Q3 we shall start consultation with staff about a new staffing structure which will see some internal recruitment for new roles. It is anticipated that we may see sickness rise during this period of change – but to significantly improve during 2020/21 with a new operating model, structure and technology in place.

Performance Review: Planning Application Profile: Major,

**Minor and Others** 

**Lead Director: Executive Director Place** 





🔳 Quarters 🔷 Target (Quarters)

**Action Plan** 

- A detailed Performance Action Plan has been produced to focus on a range of actions to improve performance by November 2019
- The Planning Service has engaged the Planning Advisory Service (PAS) to provide advice and support including independently reviewing our Action Plan and undertaking a productivity and resourcing review
- A monthly Development Management Performance Task and Finish Group is being established, including officers from HR, IT, Legal, Customer Services etc. to track progress on delivery of Action Plan tasks
- Draft recommendations from a recent internal audit by PwC being used to improve internal systems
- September significant recruitment campaign launched to boost the capacity of the service including 5 fixed term posts to support performance on PPAs
- Successful recruitment of officers over the past 6 months starting to see reduction in caseloads
- An Operational Support officer has been trained to provide more regular 'in month' performance data to Planning Service managers so that they can mitigate issues within the month and optimise performance
- Focused performance meetings continue to target decision dates and ensure extensions of time are secured where necessary. Weekly Strategic Applications Meetings are held to track major applications and monitor performance
- Improved communication has been put in place with staff through team meetings and 1:1s to increase importance and drive up performance.

#### **Definitions**;

**Major Application**; an application for 10 dwellings or more; residential application on sites of 0.5 hectares +; or an application for offices, general industrial, storage, distribution or shops where the floor space exceeds 1000sqm

**Minor Applications**: Applications for between 1 and 9 dwellings; a site area of less than 0.5 hectares; floor space to be built is less than 1,000 square meters or where the site area is less than 1 hectare.

#### Other Applications:

Householder Developments, Advertisements, Enforcement activity, Regulation 3 and 4 consents



# **APPENDIX 2**

Call-in request form submitted by 7 members of the Council



# **CALL-IN OF DECISION**

TITLE OF DECISION: QUARTERY COMPORATE PERFORMANCE

Please return the completed original signed copy to: Claire Johnson, Democratic Services Team, 1st Floor, Civic Centre

**DECISION OF:** 

DATE OF PANEL: n/a

CARINET DATE OF DECISION LIST PUBLICATION: 18 6000 SEL 2019 LIST NO: 1/34/19-20 (\* N.B. Remember you must call-in a decision and notify Governance & Scrutiny within **5 working days** of its publication). A decision can be called in if it is a corporate or portfolio decision made by either Cabinet, or one of its sub-committees, a Cabinet Member, or a key decision made by an officer with delegated authority from the Executive. COUNCILLORS CALLING-IN (The Council's constitution requires seven (a) signatures from Councillors to call a decision in). Names and signatures should be here – Print Name: DAN FC ANDER PON (LEAN) Signature Print Name: After OAHAN 2 Signature... Print Name: DINAH BARRY Signature. 7. Print Name: AHMET OUKENEN 4 Signature... Print Name: ANNE BROWN 5 Signature... Print Name: DOUG TAMCOR Signature 6 Print Name: C. HARITH GWNAWARDENA man Signature... (b) SCRUTINY PANEL RESOLUTION (copy of minute detailing formal resolution to request call-in to be attached). NAME OF PANEL: n/a



# **APPENDIX 3**

Reasons for Call-in by Councillor calling in the decision

&

**Briefing Note in response to called in decision** 



I'm calling in the Quarterly Corporate Performance Report for the following reasons:

The information presented is insufficient and inadequate in many areas and it is nigh on impossible in many cases to determine performance. The key information is presented in the two appendices and that is where the weaknesses lie. Firstly, over the last two corporate performance reports in appendix 1 the target column per quarter has disappeared leaving only the annual target column in place. The result of which is that it is not possible to track progress in performance based on quarterly expectations. It also enables poor performance in a quarter to be obscured. In some cases, there is not even an annual target in place making it impossible to determine whether the performance over the year is good, bad or stable. Furthermore, these changes have not been explained in the Report.

I have documented a number of examples below, though this is by no means an exhaustive list.

## **Housing**

In the April 2019 Corporate Performance Report the Housing figure presented for NI 156i (temporary accommodation) had a value for Q3 for 2018/19 of 3392, together with a target for Q3 of 3049, which was the same as the annual target for 2018/19 and therefore shown red in the report. However, this Report has a deteriorating figure for Q1 2019/20 of 3410, but no Q1 target and no annual target for comparison. The figure is therefore seemingly not colour-coded for that reason, but on the basis that the Q3 figure of 3392 was colour-coded red the increase to 3410 should itself be colour-coded red. Indeed, the comparison in the Report of Q1 2018/19 which was 3320 and presented red even further strengthens my argument.

Similarly, for AUD FC003 (recovery of council properties that have been unlawfully used etc.) the Q1 2019/20 value of 36 is colour-coded green, but without a Q1 target it is not apparent as to why this is, given the annual target is 100. By comparison, the Q1 2018/19 figure of 27 (October 2018) is marked green because the target for Q1 2018/19 was stated as being 25 and was therefore exceeded. This is not obviously discernible in this report.

## Libraries, Arts and Culture

ENV317 (Participation in Council Led Arts Activities): There is a Q1 2019/20 value of 61,040, but no quarterly target or even annual target.

We can see that compared to Q1 2018/19 where the figure was 65,540 the numbers have fallen quite significantly. Compare this to the April 2019 Corporate Performance Report where the Q3 2018/19 value was 74,350, the Q3 target was 66,404 and the annual target was 132,808 making tracking and comparisons easily discernible.

In the other categories, at least annual targets are presented and the values seem encouraging, but there is an absence of commentary in the notes to explain performance – good or bad – and this common throughout the Corporate Performance Report.

## **Adult Social Care**

NI131 (F10) Delayed transfers of care (days) has a Q1 2019/20 value of 580, but no comparator, no colour coding and no narrative. Likewise, with NI131 (F11) Delayed Transfer of Care has a Q1 2019/20 value of 73 but again no comparator, no colour coding and no narrative. Similarly, with NI146(A) Number of adult learning-disabled clients receiving LTS has a Q1 2019/20 figure of 153, but again no comparator, no colour coding and no narrative.

PA-AO/C72 new Admissions to supported permanent Residential and Nursing Care etc. The Q1 2019/20 value is 123.4, which is less than the corresponding value of 134.8 from Q1 2018/19, but the notes make mention of 54 admissions, which is apparently an improvement on the 59 admissions last year. It is not at all clear how this relates to the 123.4 figure or the 134.8 figure.

## **Public Health**

DAAT-001 NDTMS (Partnership Successful Completion Rate for Drug users in treatment) has an annual target for 2019/20 of 20%, but no Q1 2019/20 value or target. Of more concern is in comparison with the April 2019 Corporate Performance Report, which had a Q3 2018/19 value of 18.5%, a monthly target of 20% and an annual target of 20%, but the notes are identical to what is being said in the latest Corporate Performance Report. This appears to be a cut and paste job.

## Waste, Recycling and Cleanliness

NI191 (Residual Waste per Household) there is no Q1 2019/20 value/target/colour-code, but the annual target of 600 kg per h/h is higher than that for 2018/19, which was 580 kg per h/h – something you can only discern from looking at last year's Corporate Performance reports. In the event looking at the column in this section we can see that that figure was significantly exceeded (632.97kg per h/h). This is

clearly of concern given the aim of the waste changes is to reduce residual waste, but this is not easily discernible, and no comment has been made as to why the previous year's figure was considerably exceeded. Furthermore, and on that basis, the target of 600kg per h/h looks highly optimistic and there is no indication in the notes why this target is considered to be more likely to be achieved.

Likewise, NI192 (% of household waste sent for reuse, recycling and composting) has no Q1 2019/20 value/target/colour code, but the annual target has fallen to 37% from the 2018/19 figure of 40%. Again, this is only discernible from a reference to last year's Corporate Performance reports and is not directly stated. Indeed, in the notes It states that in the event the 2018/19 achievement was a disappointing 33.4% - a significant 6.96% (2.5 tonnes) decrease in household waste sent for reuse, recycling and composting on the previous year, but confusingly gives the 2017/18 figure of 35.9%. The 6.96% figure only makes sense in relation to the 40% target of 2018/19 resulting in the stated 33.4%. However, it makes no sense in relation to the 2017/18 figure of 35.9%. Indeed, there is no actual indication as to what the actual value was for the 2918/19 year as it isn't stated.

PRR002 (# of customer reported street scene issues etc.) though there is at least a value for Q1 2019/20 there is no Q1 target and no colour code, which would suggest based on the notes that there is an upward trend over the last 3 years in customer reports suggesting a gradual deterioration in service. On that basis and on an annual target of 950 would suggest a red colour code.

As stated in the Report (1.3 of the Executive Summary) the purpose of Appendix 2 is to focus on a selection of priority measures where performance is currently off target and or direction of travel is negative. Appendix two enables us to see action plans with delivery timeframes and demonstrate what is being done to address underperformance. From the above figures in this section it would seem to suggest that Waste Recycling and Cleanliness should be escalated to Appendix 2.

# **Community Safety**

Almost across the entire indicators, aside from a couple of indicators, the Q1 2019/20 values suggest a significant deterioration in Community Safety, which is of deep concern. The annual targets for 2019/20 are identical as those for the 20/18/19 year and there is no explanation as to why that is. Though there is no colour-coding, on the basis of what is being presented, it would suggest that many should be coded red, and in

a number of places no narrative to suggest what action is being taken. Given the significant increase in a number of areas where commentary has been given, i.e. that residential burglary has risen by 9.6%, that serious youth violence has risen by 9.1%, that the number of antisocial behaviour calls has risen by 10.1%, that non-domestic abuse violence with injury has increased by a staggering 20.7%, and that knife crime offences have increased by 15.6%, why has Community Safety not been escalated to an Appendix 2?

## Appendix 2

The purpose of Appendix 2 is, as stated above and in 1.3 of the Report's Executive Summary is to focus on a selection of priority measures where performance is currently off target and or direction of travel is negative and is supposed to provide action plans with delivery timeframes and demonstrate what is being done to address underperformance. However, there is a lack of timeframes in evidence across the 4 areas identified.

In Homelessness, though there is reference to a series of actions that have or are being undertaken there is no indication as to when improvements in this area are likely to be seen.

In Complaints, FOIs and Complaints – which is surely a mistake and should read Complaints, FOIs and MEQs – there has been a deterioration in FOI and MEQ responses in Q1 2019/20. Though the notes suggest that for Q2 2019/20 there has been some improvement for FOIs and an improvement for MEQ responses, there has been a deterioration for Complaints closed within 10 days. This suggests that the trend is not consistently upward and there is nothing to indicate that this will change anytime soon.

In Planning there is mention of a detailed performance action plan, but this is absent from the appendix. With regards to the performance, though there has been an improvement in minor applications and other applications determined within target there is nothing there to indicate the quality of those decisions and any indicator on the level of complaints. There has also been a deterioration in major applications determined within target.

For the above reasons this Report should be referred back to the Cabinet Member for re-evaluation.

**REPORT TO: OSC** 

DATE: 14 November 2019

**REPORT TITLE:** Corporate Performance Report

**REPORT AUTHOR/S:** 

Sam Buckley/Fay Hammond

#### **PURPOSE OF REPORT:**

A response to the reasons stated in the Call-In of the Corporate Performance Report

**SUMMARY:** This report outlines the response to the Call in of the Corporate Performance Report.

#### 1. BACKGROUND

The Quarterly Corporate Performance Report has been subject to a Call-In This briefing paper provides a response to the reasons stated in the Call-In.

This report seeks to provide assurance around the quarterly performance report and address the reasons and questions raised from the Call in.

Every indicator is reviewed by Deputy Cabinet Member and relevant Cabinet Member for that service area. This includes specific officer meetings in the four areas of interest where there has deemed to be significant concerns around performance, therefore, where there are process queries are raised, this is not an indication of lack of scrutiny or review of these performance indicators.

A review of all KPIS has been undertaken and all KPIS that are not just data only now have annual targets. Where KPIS are categorised as data only then this will be updated and indicated as such in the future. Indicators that are data only are where the Council does not have direct influence to be able to determine the result and are added for information and context.

As part of the Quarterly performance report, an overall summary of current performance is provided. This information shows the number of Key Performance Indicators (KPIS) that are rated as Red, Amber and Green as at the end of the relevant period. Green is where the item is on or exceeding target, Amber is where the target has been narrowly missed but is still on track and Red is where he performance is below target. The summary below shows the position at the end of Quarter 1.

	Q4 2018-2019 Jan-March 2019	Q1 2019-2020 April-June 2019
Number KPIS showing as Red	21	15
Number KPIS showing as Amber	16	10
Number KPIS showing as Green	37	32
No Target - Data only	18	19

The reasons for the call in can be summarised into five key areas that are addressed below.

- Quarterly targets not being displayed on the report
- Indicators displayed without annual targets
- KPIS without a Quarter one figure
- Appendices and Action Plans
- Omissions and formatting of the report

#### 2. ISSUES AND CHALLENGES

### Quarterly targets not being displayed within the report

- Although, the Quarter one report does not include quarterly targets, progress can still be tracked via the RAG rating (Red, Amber, Green) which is based upon quarterly targets, so you can see which items are below and above target although the target is not displayed.
- Where possible individual months performance is shown for Q1 alongside the same period last year, so the reader is able to assess the direction of travel.
- Quarterly targets were removed in Quarter 4 as having the Quarter 4 target and end of year target was duplicating information as they would be one and the same.
- It was an oversight not to add these back in for Quarter 1 and this will be remedied for future performance reports and a target column added.

#### Indicators displayed without annual targets

- A small number of our KPIs are "data only" and as such do not have targets and are there for information and context. This definition would apply to indicators where the authority has limited or no influence on the results, and as a result a target is not set.
- In addition, a small selection of KPIS have their targets set by external agencies/Central Government and these had not been received when the Quarter one report was produced. These have now been received but it was an oversight not to highlight these as such on the report
- In addition to the Community Safety KPIS there are nine KPIS that are recorded as data only.
- The Community Safety indicators remain without RAG (Red, Amber, Green) ratings for the reasons detailed above.

- For a small selection of KPIS there was a system issue that meant these were not shown on the report. This has now been resolved.
- Indicators that are deemed to be data only will be indicated as such on the Quarterly Performance Report in the future.
- It should be noted; trend analysis and direction of travel can still be identified as monthly breakdowns and the previous year's data is included.

### **KPIS** without a Quarter one figure

 There are a number of KPIS where current information is not available for the current quarter's performance report. Where this is the case we will ensure that the latest information is shown on the report and we will be clear when updated information will be available.

## **Appendices and Action Plans**

- The purpose of the Annexes in Appendix Two is to closely scrutinise those areas that have underperformed for a period of time. Initially this selection was based on those KPIS that had been of concern for over one year. There were four such areas. As outlined in the introduction we now actively track the movement in KPIS across quarters, those that have changed and had a deteriorating performance are of particular concern. We would look to review those KPIS that are included in Appendix Two at the end of every quarter.
- Cllr Barnes meets with each of the lead responsible officers across each of these four areas to discuss in detail performance and timescales for improvement and these discussions and scrutiny sessions remain ongoing and support the content that appears in Appendix 2.
- Operational Action Plans have been shared with Cllr Barnes at these sessions but these action plans are operational and as such have not been included in the Appendices for Cabinet.

## **Omissions and formatting of the report**

- The Quarterly performance report is an exception-based report. where
  we use the notes to provide explanatory comments were necessary.
  When performance is Green, progressing well there is no risk and no
  service updates to supply, then the comments section usually remains
  clear.
- There was a mistake in the wording of the FOI, MEQ and Complaints section, apologies and this will be remedied.

#### 3. NEXT STEPS

The Quarterly EMT Report will continue to be developed and enhanced and we welcome feedback to make this useful for members. As outlined above we have made a number of changes and these will be incorporated into the Q2 Performance Report.

